

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations
and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representation of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY

As rescanning documents *will not* correct images, please do not report the images to the Image Problem Mailbox.

PCT

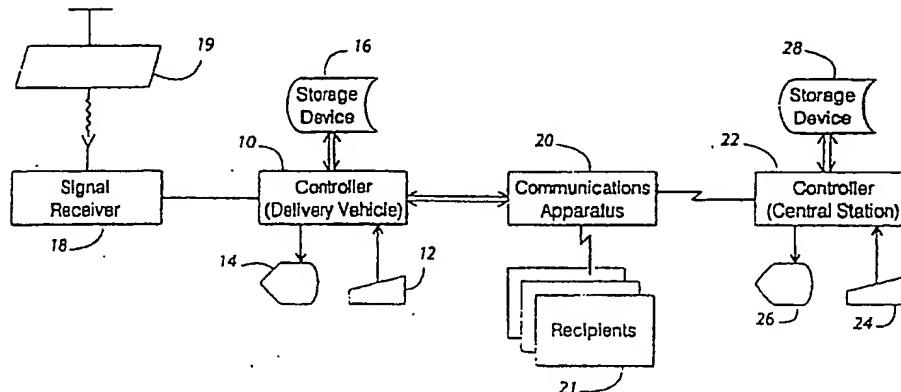
WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁵ : G08G 1/123	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 94/27264 (43) International Publication Date: 24 November 1994 (24.11.94)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US93/10100		(81) Designated States: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).
(22) International Filing Date: 19 October 1993 (19.10.93)		
(30) Priority Data: 08/062,405 14 May 1993 (14.05.93) US		
(71) Applicant: WORLDWIDE NOTIFICATION SYSTEMS, INC. [US/US]; 4508 Dartmoor Drive, Marietta, GA 30067 (US).		Published <i>With international search report.</i>
(72) Inventor: ROSS, John; 4508 Dartmoor Drive, Marietta, GA 30067 (US).		
(74) Agent: SCOTT, Thomas, Jr.; Howrey & Simon, 1299 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20004-2402 (US).		

(54) Title: APPARATUS AND METHOD OF NOTIFYING A RECIPIENT OF AN UNSCHEDULED DELIVERY



(57) Abstract

An apparatus and method of an electronic complex (10) associated with a carrier of items to be delivered at unscheduled times to recipients (21). The electronic complex (10) analyzes positioning signals to determine the location of the carrier and the time period to travel to the location of a recipient in a sequence of deliveries. A signal to notify the recipient of pending delivery is communicated if the time period is less than a predetermined interval.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT	Austria	GB	United Kingdom	MR	Mauritania
AU	Australia	GE	Georgia	MW	Malawi
BB	Barbados	GN	Guinea	NB	Niger
BE	Belgium	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BF	Burkina Faso	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BG	Bulgaria	IE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
BJ	Benin	IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BR	Brazil	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
BY	Belarus	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
CA	Canada	KG	Kyrgyzstan	RU	Russian Federation
CF	Central African Republic	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo	KR	Republic of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KZ	Kazakhstan	SI	Slovenia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	LJ	Liechtenstein	SK	Slovakia
CM	Cameroon	LK	Sri Lanka	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LU	Luxembourg	TD	Chad
CS	Czechoslovakia	LV	Latvia	TG	Togo
CZ	Czech Republic	MC	Monaco	TJ	Tajikistan
DE	Germany	MD	Republic of Moldova	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
DK	Denmark	MG	Madagascar	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	ML	Mali	US	United States of America
FI	Finland	MN	Mongolia	UZ	Uzbekistan
FR	France			VN	Viet Nam
GA	Gabon				

-1-

5

10

APPARATUS AND METHOD OF NOTIFYING A RECIPIENT
OF AN UNSCHEDULED DELIVERY

TECHNICAL FIELD

15

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus of notifying a recipient of a delivery. More particularly, the present invention relates to a method and apparatus of signalling advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

20

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

25

For many years, delivery systems have operated independently of a recipient for an item carried from a sender by a delivery service to the recipient. This involves an unscheduled delivery of the item to the recipient. The term "unscheduled delivery" as used herein refers to delivery of articles, items, packages or the like to a recipient at a time that is not specifically prearranged with the recipient. For example, a recipient orders an article from a mail-order catalog service. Delivery is to occur generally within some time period, but no specific day or time is arranged. The term "scheduled delivery" refers to an arrangement whereby the delivery service is to deliver the item to the recipient at a specific time. Due to delays inherent in delivery schedules, travel, and time spent at each delivery

-2-

location, scheduled deliveries are difficult to maintain.

In most circumstances, however, the system of unscheduled delivery is satisfactory. For instance,
5 regular delivery of mail typically does not require advance scheduling or notification of delivery of items for a recipient. Generally, the delivery occurs at approximately the same time each day, and for homes and businesses, such regular and routine delivery at or about the approximate
10 same time is satisfactory for receiving items. In those instances where a receipt, payment, or signature of the recipient is required, the carrier contacts the recipient at the time of delivery. If contact cannot be made, the carrier leaves a notice of attempted delivery. The
15 recipient then contacts either a central distribution center or the carrier for arranging delivery.

Such notice of attempted delivery and having to make arrangements for delivery is both time consuming and troublesome. The recipient either must make arrangements
20 to meet the carrier or travel to the central facility for delivery of the item. It may take as much as several days to coordinate the delivery of the item.

In many instances however, unscheduled delivery of packages is satisfactory for recipients. Many commercial
25 delivery systems carry packages from a sender to a recipient. The delivery company receives the package and groups it with other packages in a selected geographic area. A route list is developed so that the packages are delivered in a particular sequence. Various mechanisms are
30 known to select and arrange a delivery sequence for a route list. The carrier follows the sequential route list and delivers the packages to recipients. For business delivery, a clerk typically is available during the day for receiving such unscheduled delivery of packages. For home delivery the carrier may be authorized to leave the item

-3-

irrespective of whether a recipient is present. In other situations, the carrier leaves the package with a neighbor.

Many delivery companies offer a service of delivering a package by a preselected time. The problem remains, however, that some packages will be delivered before others are delivered, before the predetermined time. In circumstances where a clerk or recipient is available, such mechanisms are satisfactory.

In many circumstances advance notice of pending delivery of an item would facilitate the delivery. These circumstances include the requirement that a particular individual sign papers acknowledging delivery or the recipient is not present at the delivery site but could be available given reasonable advance notice. In these circumstances, failure to deliver requires that separate arrangements must be made for delivery. Again, this is time consuming and troublesome for recipients. Often the recipient could reach the delivery site or be available if reasonable advance notice of the unscheduled delivery were provided by the carrier to the recipient. Currently, the only advance notice that is available is either the general provision for delivery of an item before a particular time or by attempting to deliver the package and leaving a message for the recipient to contact the carrier.

Accordingly, there is a need in the art for an apparatus and method of signalling a reasonable advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

30

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an apparatus and method for signalling reasonable advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient. More particularly described, the present invention provides a carrier with a receiver for receiving a positioning signal from

-4-

transmitters at known locations. An analyzer evaluates the positioning signals to determine the position of the carrier. The position of the carrier is compared with a predetermined delivery location for the recipient. A time interval is computed for the carrier to move to the delivery location. When the time interval is less than a predetermined time interval, a signal is communicated to the recipient to provide reasonable advance notice of the pending unscheduled delivery of the item.

Further, the invention provides a method of signalling advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient. The method comprises receiving a plurality of positioning signals from transmitters broadcasting from known fixed locations. The signals are analyzed to determine the position of the carrier. This determined position is compared to the predetermined known location of the unscheduled delivery. A time interval is determined for the carrier to arrive at the delivery location. If the time interval to move from the predetermined position to the location of the recipient is less than a predetermined interval, a signal is generated to provide notice to the recipient of the pending delivery of the item at an unscheduled time.

The advantages and features of the present invention will become apparent from a reading of the following detailed description of the invention and claims in view of the appended drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a schematic view of the apparatus of the present invention for signalling notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

Fig. 2 is a flow chart illustrating the method of the present invention that signals notice of a pending unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

Fig. 3 is a perspective partial view of a motor vehicle having a distance measuring device for use by the apparatus illustrated in Fig. 1 for determining location.

5

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring now in more detail to the drawings, in which like numerals indicate like parts throughout the several views, Fig. 1 illustrates a schematic view of a preferred embodiment of an apparatus for signalling advance notice of 10 an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

15

The apparatus and method of the present invention accordingly facilitates scheduling of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient. A delivery vehicle for a carrier includes a controller 10, such as a microprocessor device. The controller 10 includes peripheral equipment for providing information to the controller and for displaying information. For example, a keyboard 12 enters information and commands to the controller 10. The information includes identification of 20 the carrier, completion of a delivery, and the like. Other devices may be used for entering such information and commands. These devices include bar-scan codes and readers, card scanners, and keypads. A video screen 14 displays information such as that regarding the delivery route list, directions, special instructions, and delivery 25 locations. The controller 10 communicates with a storage device 16, such as a magnetic media disk drive. The storage device 16 includes an accessible file of the information regarding the delivery of packages to various locations on the particular route. The information maintained on the storage media 16 includes, for example, the name and address of the recipient, a package identification code, a location code, directions and special instructions. Other information can be included on 30 the storage media 16. The controller also communicates 35

with a receiver 18 that receives a positioning signal from remote known transmitters 19. Each of the transmitters broadcast a specific signal from a known location on a known radio frequency. The controller 10 therefore is an electronic complex operatively associated with the carrier for delivering items to recipients.

The controller 10 operatively communicates with a communications apparatus 20. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the communications apparatus 20 includes a transmitter, receiver, and dialing means for accessing commercially available cellular telephone systems. The controller 10 in the delivery vehicle communicates through the communications apparatus 20 to a selected one of a plurality of recipients 21 of articles and packages to be delivered by the carrier operating the particular delivery vehicle. The communications apparatus also provides a path for communicating delivery status information between the controller 10 in the delivery vehicle and a central controller 22.

The central controller 22 is preferably a main-frame computer or the like. The central controller 22 preferably is located at a stationary facility such as company offices for the delivery company. The central controller 22 communicates through a multiplexer with a plurality of controllers 10, each in one of the delivery vehicles for the delivery company. The central controller 22 includes peripheral devices for entering information to the controller, such as a keyboard 24. Other peripheral devices such as card readers and scanners can likewise be used to enter information to the controller 22. Information maintained by the controller 22 is displayed on a video screen 26. Written reports of information are produced on a printer (not illustrated) attached to the controller 22. The controller accesses a storage device 28, such as a high speed magnetic disk drive. The storage

device 28 maintains information such as route, package identification, recipient name and address, phone numbers and the like. The central controller 22 therefore is an electronic complex for coordinating and monitoring the 5 delivery schedules of the various routes travelled by the carrier.

Fig. 2 illustrates a flow chart of a preferred method of signalling advance notice of pending delivery of an item at an unscheduled time to a recipient, using the apparatus of the present invention. The carrier uses the keyboard 12 or other input device to enter information to the controller 10. Prior to beginning a sequence or route of deliveries, the controller 10 is initialized 40. During initialization, certain information is provided to the 10 controller 10, including a code identifying the carrier, the delivery vehicle involved, its route, and other related information. The carrier begins to drive the delivery vehicle to the first location on his scheduled route for an item to be delivered. The controller 10 receives 15 positioning signals 42 from the receiver 18. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the receiver 18 receives signals transmitted by satellites using the global positioning system generally known as GPS. In other embodiment, the receiver receives LORAN signals. The signals are analyzed 44 to determine the location of the 20 delivery vehicle. The positioning signals are analyzed to determine a longitudinal/latitudinal coordinate of the position of the delivery vehicle. The controller 10 accesses the storage media 16 to determine whether 25 deliveries remain on the schedule 46. In the event no deliveries remain on the schedule to be considered, the controller 10 waits 48 for the carrier to enter information.

If deliveries remain on the schedule, the controller 30 10 compares the location of the delivery vehicle to the

5 delivery location for each package to be delivered in sequence. The controller 10 first accesses the data storage device 16 to determine if the recipient of that particular delivery has already been notified 50 of the pending delivery of the item. If the recipient has already been notified of delivery, the controller 10 considers the next delivery in the sequence of deliveries.

10 Otherwise, the controller 10 compares 52 the location of the delivery vehicle to the delivery location. The controller 10 then determines an estimated time of arrival at that delivery location. In determining the time of arrival for each delivery location, the controller 10 accounts for the distance and time required to travel between the two locations and accounts for the intervening 15 deliveries and estimated time to make these deliveries. The controller 10 thereby determines an estimated time of arrival for the particular delivery. If the period 54 for the estimated time of arrival is greater than a predetermined interval, the controller 10 repeats 46 the analysis for the next delivery in the sequence of deliveries. If the estimated time of arrival is less than the predetermined interval, the controller 10 initiates 56 notification of arrival for delivery. The controller 10 uses its communications apparatus 20 to communicate 58 with 20 the selected recipient 21. In a preferred embodiment, the controller 10 dials the telephone number of the recipient using cellular telephone equipment. The controller 10 initiates a series of questions to the recipient 21, using voice generation equipment and tone recognition to 25 interpret responses. The responses by the recipient 21 are made to the controller 10 by pushing selected keys on a touch-tone telephone.

30 After the recipient 21 has been notified of the pending delivery within the predetermined interval, the controller 10 updates 60 the data storage device 16 to 35

5 indicate that particular delivery has been confirmed with the recipient. If the recipient 21 cannot be contacted, the system may try 62 more than one time to notify the recipient of pending arrival. For example, the recipient's telephone may be busy or not answered. After a predetermined number of attempts to notify the recipient of arrival, the controller 10 abandons the efforts to notify the recipient and evaluates the next delivery on the schedule of deliveries.

10 10 After all remaining deliveries on the route list have been evaluated, the controller 10 waits 48 for the carrier to enter delivery information to the controller 10. The carrier in the meantime is travelling to the next delivery location or is delivering items to recipients.

15 15 The carrier enters the delivery information to the controller 10 after one or more packages at the location have been delivered to the recipient. The carrier enters through the keyboard 12 the information needed to update the route schedule and to show that delivery has been completed for particular items. Upon receiving information that delivery of a particular package has been completed, the controller 10 begins the analysis process over again 42 by receiving positioning signals. This method of tracking deliveries, analyzing locations and estimated times of delivery, and notifying recipients of pending delivery continues for the remaining schedule of deliveries.

20 20 25 30 35 A preferred embodiment of the present invention uses a Travelmate 4000 Texas Instrument notebook computer for the controller 10. This notebook computer includes the keyboard 12 and the display monitor 14. The controller 10 communicates with the signal receiver 18, for receiving the GPS positioning signals. The notebook computer communicates in both a transmitting and receiving mode with the communications apparatus 20 which preferably is a cellular telephone apparatus. For transmitting, the

-10-

notebook communicates through an interface including a Texas Instruments SN65CBC176 driver to a cellular modem for accessing the cellular system. A Texas Instruments TL052 amplifier feeds the signal from the driver to a TLE2062 5 amplifier to match with telephone line signals. For receiving, the cellular modem communicates with a Texas instruments SN75CBC176 receiver through a TLE2062 line matching amplifier and a TL052 amplifier. A Texas Instruments TLC1550 analog-to-digital converter converts 10 the received signal for input to the notebook computer through an interface that includes a Texas Instruments SN75LBL176 receiver. This enables the controller 10 to access the communications apparatus 20 for communicating 15 with the central station 22 or with a selected recipient 21.

As discussed above, the present invention facilitates notification of recipients of the pending occurrence of an unscheduled event. The recipients are notified in advance so that they may react to the occurrence of the event. One 20 particular application of the present apparatus and method invention is notification of the arrival of a school bus at a neighborhood pickup/drop-off point referred to herein as a bus stop. With advance notice of arrival of the bus, riders thereby reduce their time expended waiting at the 25 bus stop. This is particularly advantageous during severe weather conditions, such as extreme cold temperatures, or precipitation such as rain or snow. The school bus contains the controller 10 with the receiver 18. In addition to the keyboard 12, the controller 10 preferably 30 communicates with a card reader (not illustrated). Each bus rider is issued a magnetic ID card. The card identifies the rider and allows the controller 10 to maintain ridership information on the storage device 16. With the apparatus and method of the present invention, the 35 rider for the bus would not need to leave his home until

notified by the apparatus of the pending arrival of the bus.

In an alternate embodiment illustrated in Fig. 3, the bus includes a distance measuring device 70 in addition to the receiver 18. The distance measuring device 70 comprises a magnetic sensor 72 that mounts on a frame member 74 of the bus near a wheel 76 or a drive shaft (not illustrated). A magnet 78 mounts in radial alignment with the magnetic sensor 72. As the magnet 78 rotates and travels past the sensor 72, a signal is generated and communicated to the controller 10. The controller 10 uses the series of signals from the magnetic sensor 72 to measure the distance the bus has travelled. Combining the GPS information with the distance measuring information provides a more precise location of the bus.

With reference to Fig. 2, the bus operator uses the apparatus by first initializing the controller 10 to identify the bus and the particular bus route. The distance measuring system and GPS continually signal the controller 10 the location of the bus. The controller 10 analyzes the positioning and distance measuring signals. Thus, the wait state 48 is not used. The controller 10 compares the location of the bus to the location of the school bus stops in sequence. The controller 10 then determines the estimated time of arrival at the particular bus stop being evaluated. In determining the time of arrival for each bus stop in sequence, the controller accounts for the distance and time required to travel between location of the bus and the location of the particular bus stop, including the time for any intervening bus stops. The controller 10 thereby determines an estimated time of arrival for the particular bus stop.

If the period before the estimated time of arrival at the bus stop is greater than a predetermine interval, the controller 10 repeats the analysis for the next bus stop in

-12-

the sequence in the route. For this particular application, an interval of about three minutes is sufficient. If the estimated time of arrival is less than the predetermined interval, the controller 10 initiates 5 notification of arrival of the bus. The controller 10 transfers the rider's telephone number held on the storage device 16 to the communications apparatus 20 which preferably places a telephone call to the rider. The controller 10 updates the device 16 to indicate that the 10 particular rider has been notified of pending arrival. The controller 10 then repeats the evaluation for the next and each subsequent stop on the route. The bus driver continues travelling to the bus stops on the route.

At the bus stop, the rider enters the bus and 15 registers with the controller 10. In a preferred embodiment, this is accomplished by using the card scanner, although bar code scanners or keypad entry may be used. Ridership information is collected and used for scheduling and route evaluation purposes. The controller 10 continues 20 to receive the GPS and distance measuring information as discussed above to evaluate its location and to determine whether riders for the remaining bus stops have to be notified of pending arrival of the bus as discussed above.

At predetermined intervals, the controller 10 accesses 25 the communication apparatus 20 to communicate with the controller 22 at a central station. Among other information, the controller 10 communicates its location. This allows supervisors at the central station to monitor the location of the buses on various routes within the 30 system.

The apparatus and method of the present invention further is applied in the transportation industry, and particularly for the air transport industry. Broadly speaking, passengers on an aircraft are items to be delivered to recipients (i.e., persons meeting the 35

passenger at the airport). For example, a family or business associate of an airline passenger must depart from a home or a business at a particular time before the estimated arrival of the aircraft to timely meet the arriving passenger. Presently, the recipient must telephone the airline to determine whether the flight is expected to arrive at its scheduled time. This is inconvenient to both the recipient and to the airline company. The recipient may be receiving untimely information due to delays in updating the computer network that tracks air flights for the company. The recipients further lose time on the telephone attempting to determine when to leave for the airport. The airline company is inconvenienced by its telephone lines being congested by recipients inquiring as to the status of arriving flights. The airline loses time and money since its agents spend time on the telephone giving out flight arrival information instead of selling tickets.

The apparatus and method of the present invention, however, overcomes these problems. A passenger provides the airline with a contact number and an interval of time prior to arrival for notifying the contact of the pending arrival. For example, on a typical business day it takes approximately one and one-half hours to drive from central London, England to Gadwick Airport. A passenger flying into Gadwick Airport provides the airline with a contact number in London of a person to notify of the pending arrival. This person is the recipient, as that term is used in this application. As the aircraft approaches the airport, it reaches a point where the interval of time between that point and the airport equals the notification interval for the particular passenger. The controller 10, monitoring the location of the aircraft, compares the interval of time for the estimated arrival at Gadwick with the notification interval for the passengers, in sequence.

When the interval of time before arrival is less than the interval given by a particular passenger for notifying his recipient, the controller 10 contacts the recipient. In this way, flight departure delays and in-flight delays are accommodated. The recipient leaves no earlier for the airport than is reasonably necessary to arrive at approximately the time the aircraft is to arrive. This reduces the wait in a crowded gate area and facilitates scheduling of passengers and recipients in crowded airport areas.

The present invention accordingly provides an apparatus and method of notifying a recipient of a pending delivery of an item at an unscheduled time. The present invention reduces time wasted waiting for delivery, waiting for information regarding deliveries, and facilitates deliveries. The principles, preferred embodiments, and modes of operation of the present invention have been described in the foregoing specification. The invention is not to be construed as limited to the particular forms disclosed because these are regarded as illustrative rather than restrictive. Moreover, variations and changes may be made by those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit of the invention as described in the following claims.

-15-

CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of signalling notice for a delivery of an item at an unscheduled time to a recipient by a movable courier, comprising:
 - a) receiving a positioning signal from a plurality of transmitters positioned at separate known locations;
 - b) analyzing the plurality of positioning signals to determine a current location of the movable courier;
 - c) comparing the current position to a location for the unscheduled delivery;
 - d) determining the time interval necessary to move the movable courier from the current position to the location for the unscheduled delivery;
 - e) comparing the time interval with a predetermined interval; and
 - f) communicating a signal to the recipient of the item of arrival for delivery in response to the time interval being less than the predetermined interval.
2. The method as recited in Claim 1, further comprising repeating the steps c) through f) sequentially for a plurality of unscheduled deliveries.

-16-

3. The method as recited in Claim 1, wherein
communicating comprises:

determining the phone number of the recipient; and
placing a phone call to the recipient.

4. The method as recited in Claim 3, wherein the phone
call is initiated by a radiotelephone.

5. The method as recited in Claim 1, further comprising
the step of indicating that the recipient has been notified
of delivery within the predetermined interval.

6. Apparatus for signalling notice of an unscheduled
delivery of an item to a recipient at a location by a
movable carrier, comprising:

a receiver for receiving a positioning signal from a
plurality of transmitters at known locations;

means for analyzing the plurality of positioning
signals to determine a current location for the movable
carrier;

means for comparing the current location with a
predetermined location for a recipient;

means for determining the time interval necessary to
move the movable carrier from the current location to the
location of the recipient;

-17-

means for comparing the time interval with a predetermined interval; and

means for signalling the recipient of the unscheduled delivery.

7. The apparatus as recited in Claim 6, wherein the means for determining comprises a microprocessor.

8. The apparatus as recited in Claim 6, wherein the means for signalling comprises a wireless telephonic transmitter.

9. A system for coordinating delivery of items at unscheduled times to recipients, comprising:

a first central electronic complex containing an index of locations of recipients for delivery of items;

a second movable electronic complex operatively connected to a carrier for items to be delivered for accessing and updating the index, analyzing the location of the carrier at a given time, and determining an interval of time between the carrier at a given time relative to the locations of the recipients;

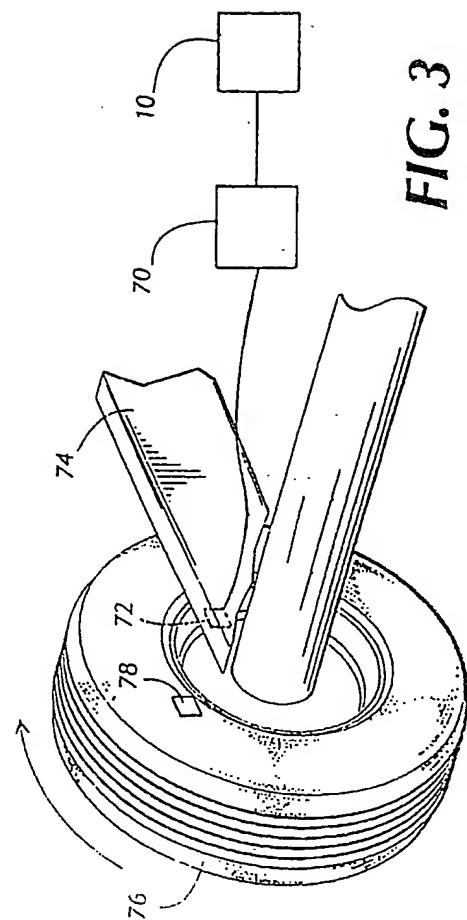
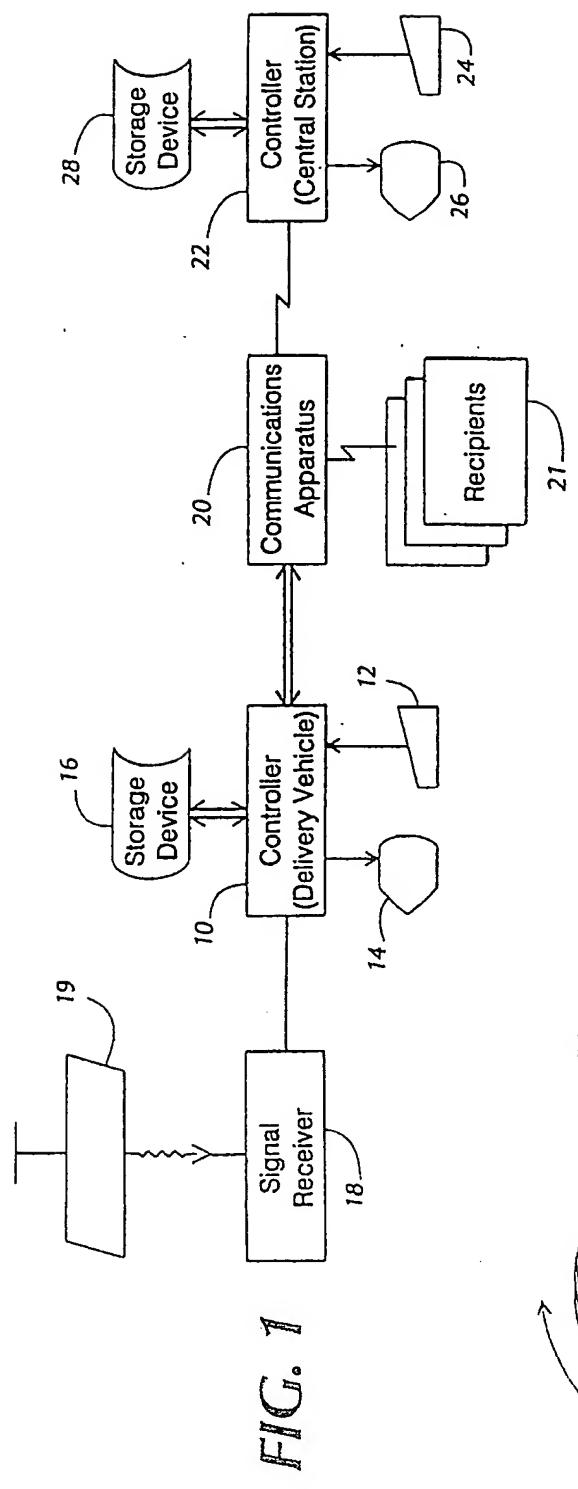
a communication link interconnecting the central electronic complex with the movable electronic complex;

a receiver for receiving a positioning signal from a plurality of transmitters at known locations;

-18-

means for generating a signal to a recipient of pending delivery responsive to the interval being less than a predetermined interval of time,

whereby the movable electronic complex, being within a predetermined interval of delivery, communicates a signal to the recipient and updates the index to show that the recipient has been notified.



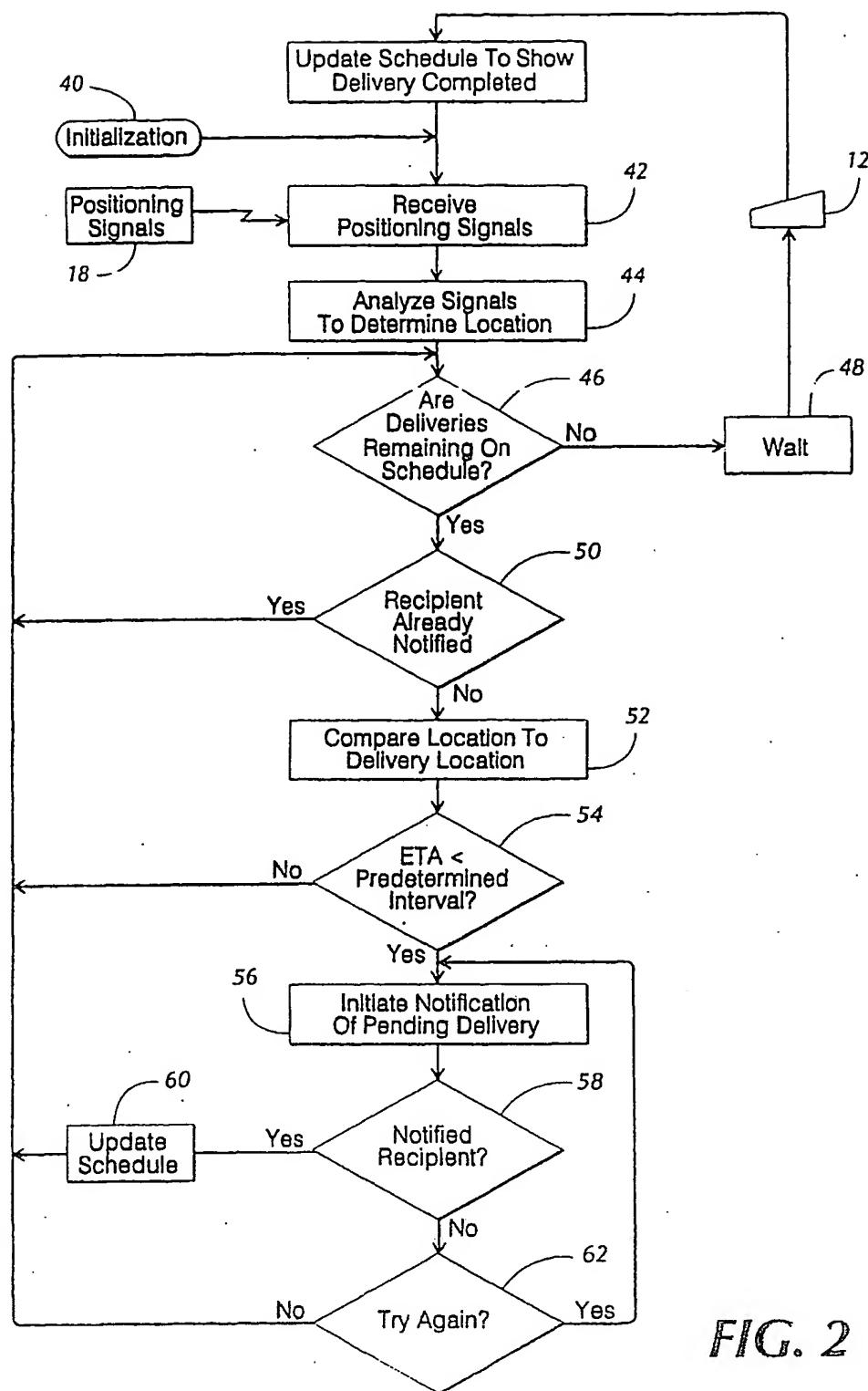


FIG. 2

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US93/10100

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(5) :G08G 1/123

US CL :340/988,994; 364/436

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 340/988,994; 364/436; 340/989,990,991,992,993,995,996
364/401,424.01,424.02; 379/58,59

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US, A, 3,886,515 (Cottin et al) 27 May 1975, column 10, lines 30-61, Figure 6.	1-8
Y,P	US, A, 5,243,529 (Kashiwazaki) 07 September 1993, column 2, lines 32-38, Figure 2.	1-8
Y,P	US, A, 5,218,629 (Dumond, Jr. et al) 08 June 1993, abstract, column 2, lines 39-54.	3,4,8

<input type="checkbox"/>	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	<input type="checkbox"/>	See patent family annex.
A	Special categories of cited documents:	T	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
E	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be part of particular relevance	X	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
L	earlier documents published on or after the international filing date	Y	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
O	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reasons (as specified)	&	document member of the same patent family
P	document referring to an oral disclosure, etc., exhibition or other means		
	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		

Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
29 DECEMBER 1993	18 FEB 1994
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231	Authorized officer <i>Jeanne L. Boles Jr.</i> RENTEN SWARTHOUT
Faximile No. NOT APPLICABLE	Telephone No. (703) 305-4383

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)(July 1992)*